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MAT 226 (Fall 2019)
Quiz 6

Consider the vector field $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = (x^2, z + x, 2y^2)$ on the cube $\Omega = [0, 1] \times [0, 1] \times [0, 1]$.

a) (2pts) Compute the divergence of \vec{F} .

$$\operatorname{div} \vec{F} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (z + x) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (2y^2) = \boxed{2x}$$

b) (2pts) Compute the triple integral of $\operatorname{div} \vec{F}$ on the cube Ω .

$$\iiint_{\Omega} \operatorname{div} \vec{F} \, dV = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 2x \, dx \, dy \, dz = x^2 \Big|_0^1 = \boxed{1}$$

c) (3pts) Compute the curl of \vec{F} .

$$\operatorname{curl} \vec{F} = \nabla \times \vec{F} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \partial/\partial x & \partial/\partial y & \partial/\partial z \\ x^2 & z + x & 2y^2 \end{vmatrix} = \boxed{(4y - 1, 0, 1)}$$

d) (3pts) Compute the line integral of $\operatorname{curl} \vec{F} = \nabla \times \vec{F}$ along the line segment γ that joins $P = (2, 3, 4)$ to $Q = (-1, 0, 1)$. [Note: begin by finding a parametrization of γ .]

$$\int_{\gamma} \operatorname{curl} \vec{F} \, d\gamma = \int_{\gamma} \nabla \times \vec{F} \, d\gamma =$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma(t) &= t(-1, 0, 1) + (1-t)(2, 3, 4) = (-t, 0, t) + (2-2t, 3-3t, 4-4t) \\ &= (2-3t, 3-3t, 4-3t), \quad t \in [0, 1]. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\gamma} \nabla \times \vec{F} \, d\gamma &= \int_0^1 \langle (\nabla \times \vec{F})(\gamma(t)), \gamma'(t) \rangle \, dt = \int_0^1 \langle (4(3-3t) - 1, 0, 1), (-3, -3, -3) \rangle \, dt \\ &= \int_0^1 \langle (12 - 12t - 1, 0, 1), (-3, -3, -3) \rangle \, dt = \int_0^1 (-33 + 36t - 3) \, dt \\ &= \int_0^1 36t - 36 \, dt = (18t^2 - 36t) \Big|_0^1 = 18 - 36 = \boxed{-18} \end{aligned}$$